

# Foundations of Design Based Methods

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## Properties of SI and SIR

Use simulation to complete the exercises below.

Let's suppose we have a population with  $N$  units and we want to sample  $n$  of them.

```
N <- 400  
n <- 20
```

**Exercise 1.** *Show the distributions of samples of size  $0, \dots, N$  and of the  $\pi_i$  values under SI and SIR.*

Here are our population outcomes,  $(y_1, \dots, y_N)$ :

```
y <- rpois(N, 5)
```

Let's suppose that we are using SI to sample  $n$  values  $(Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$  from this population.

**Exercise 2.** *Use simulation to compute  $E[Y_i]$ ,  $\text{Var}[Y_i]$ , and  $\text{Cov}[Y_i, Y_j]$ . Compare to the theoretically derived quantities in the slides.*

**Exercise 3.** *Use simulation to compute  $E[\bar{Y}]$  and  $\text{Var}[\bar{Y}]$ . Compare this to the theoretically derived quantities in the slides.*

**Exercise 4.** *Show how the distribution of  $\bar{Y}$  varies for  $n = 20, 40, 60$ . Compare the variance for these distributions to the expression  $s_Y^2$  from the text.*

## Properties of Complete Random Assignment

Let's translate the results from above to the situation of a randomized experiment with complete random assignment.

Here are the potential outcomes and average treatment effect for our population:

```
y0 <- rpois(N, 5)  
y1 <- y0 + 1 + rpois(N, 2)  
mean(y1-y0)
```

```
## [1] 3
```

Suppose we assign treatment using complete random assignment. Let  $\hat{\beta} := \bar{Y}_1 - \bar{Y}_0$ . Suppose we want to assign  $n$  units to treatment and  $N - n$  to control:

```
n <- 20
```

**Exercise 5.** Use simulation to compute  $E[\hat{\beta}]$  and  $\text{Var}[\hat{\beta}]$ . Comment on unbiasedness and how the variance compares to the Neyman variance,  $V_{\hat{\beta}}$ .

You can use the `estimatr` package to estimate the “HC2” standard error, which is equivalent to the square root of the Neyman variance.

**Exercise 6.** For  $n = 15, 30, 60$ , perform the following using simulation:

- Show the distributions of  $\hat{\beta}/\sqrt{\widehat{V}_{\hat{\beta}}}$ ,
- Show the CDF of  $p$  values from  $t$  tests of the null hypothesis  $H_0 : \hat{\beta} = 0$ ,
- For tests with 95% confidence, what is the power of these tests of the null?

**Exercise 7.** Using the MDE expression from the slides, estimate the  $n$  needed to have 80% power to detect the treatment effect for this population with 95% confidence. Construct a simulation to validate your calculation.